

Historic Meeting Illumines the Path of Korean Revolution

The Korean people mark the 80th anniversary of the historic meeting at Kalun at a time when they are stepping up the general offensive for the building of a thriving nation by dint of Songun.

The Kalun meeting was a historic meeting which proclaimed to the world the creation of the Juche idea, the new guiding idea of the Korean revolution, and the Songun idea, its embodiment. It left an immortal trace in the history of the Korean revolution.

The issue of the path of revolution is inevitable for any countries and nations.

The issue was a more urgent one in Korea which was reduced to a colonial semifeudal society due to the Japanese imperialists' military occupation.

In the 1920s when Kim II Sung embarked on the road of revolution, there were many self-styled men who struggled for national independence and sovereignty. But the early communist movement and the national liberation struggle met with many a setback in the absence of scientific guiding idea and revolutionary line suited to the specific actual circumstances of the country.

五一十二

He constantly held that correct guiding idea and line could not be provided in reliance on the established theories and

existing experience.

He studied the preceding revolutionary idea and theory of the working class and experience in the international communist movement in connection with the practice of the Korean revolution. In the course of this he cherished a firm conviction that they should be responsible for all the issues arising in the revolution and solve them in accordance with their circumstances.

While in the Jilin prison, he grasped the essential shortcomings of the nationalist movement and the early communist movement. On the basis of this, he found out the truths that the masters of the revolution are the masses of people, that only when they are educated, organized and mobilized can they win the revolutionary struggle, that the revolution must be conducted in a responsible manner not according to anyone's approval or directive but according to their own conviction and that all the issues arising in the revolution must be solved independently and creatively.

These truths constituted a starting point of the Juche idea and an ideological and theoretical basis to clarify new revolutionary ideas and theories.

On June 30, Juche 19 (1930) Kim Il Sung convened the meeting of leading personnel of the Young Communist League and the Anti-Imperialist Youth League at Kalun.

In his report "The Path of the Korean Revolution" he defined the Juche idea as the guiding idea of the Korean revolution and then formulated that its character was anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution. On the basis of this, he put forth the unique line of armed struggle, the line of the anti-Japanese national united front and the Juche-oriented policy of founding a party.

With the Kalun meeting which proclaimed the creation of the Juche idea, the Songun idea, and the birth of the Juche-oriented revolutionary line as an occasion,

the Korean anti-Japanese national liberation struggle entered a new road of development opened by the scientific and revolutionary line, strategy and tactics and their scientific accuracy and truthfulness were clearly proved in several stages of the revolutionary struggle.

The history of victory which President Kim II Sung ushered in under the banner of Juche, the banner of independence, is continued by Songun politics of the leader Kim Jong II.

Thanks to Songun politics of the leader who developed in depth the Juche idea and independent politics in keeping with the prevailing situation and the requirements of revolutionary development and embodied them, the Korean army and people have been able to advance the cause of building a thriving nation victoriously, crushing all the challenges of the imperialists.

The Korean revolution which has emerged ever-victorious under the banner of the Juche idea, the Songun idea, will achieve more brilliant victory under the banner of the Juche idea.